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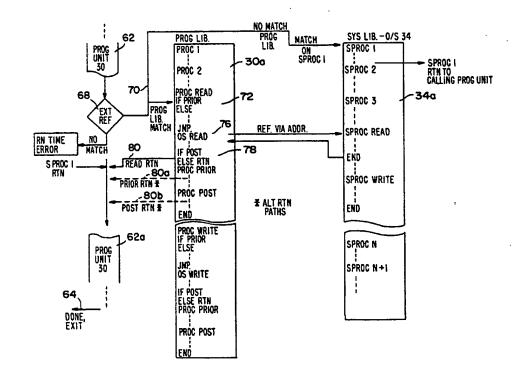
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(54) Title: INTERCEPTION SYSTEM AND METHOD INCLUDING USER INTERFACE



(57) Abstract

A method of intercepting pre-existing computer instructions in order to modify and/or enhance pre-existing program units (30) and supply user entry points determines, in one or more embodiments, if a reference can be found in a program unit (30). If so located, the corresponding method provides user code entry points (steps 72, 78) before and after the intercepted instruction, perhaps in modified and/or enhanced form, is executed (step 76). Blocks of user supplied code can be provided at the entry points to enhance, upgrade, and/or expand upon the intercepted instruction, thereby enhancing the pre-existing program unit (30).

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INTERCEPTION SYSTEM AND METROD INCLUDING USER INTERFACE

Field of the Invention

The invention relates to single and multiprocessor computer systems that supply system services to requesting program units running on or in such systems. More particularly, the invention relates to methods of enhancing or modifying the run-time operation of selected, pre-existing program units.

10 Background of the Invention

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Computer systems have, over a period of years, evolved from stand-alone individual processors to various forms of multi-processor systems. Many computer systems use program units, sometimes referred to simply as "programs".

The program units contain computer instructions which the computer system can execute in order to perform specific functions. These program units may have been created from other program units. However, in most cases, a human being was involved at some point in the creation of the set of computer instructions being executed.

Program units are intended to meet certain known or projected needs when implemented. However, most program units designed in the past or being designed in the present will not conform to all future needs.

Prior art systems have approached the need to be flexible to deal with future needs in many ways. In many cases, prior approaches have not been cost effective and/or do not allow the user many options on their implementation.

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The evolution and combination of new hardware systems, new operating systems, new program units, new system procedures, new data structures, or new user interfaces may require that the original program units be modified, recompiled, or worse, abandoned due to compatibility and/or cost related problems. Some of the prior art approaches require extensive training on both the use and implementation of these methods. Some users may not be able to afford the time, money, and human resources to implement the prior art approaches.

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This need for flexibility in updating or modifying existing programs is especially apparent in multi-processor distributed systems. Several different types of problems have provided the impetus to the drive toward multi-processor systems.

One impetus has been a desire to share information more effectively among diverse users. An approach to this problem has been to couple a variety of processors, which may or may not be the same, together via a local area network. Such networks enable many different individuals and their associated processors to have access to common information and to have access to one another.

Yet another impetus toward multi-processor environments has been a desire to create highly reliable computer systems out of less reliable components. Such systems are typically used in environments such as banking, transaction processing, or inventory control, wherein reliability is of paramount importance.

One such family of computer systems is marketed by Tandem of Cupertino, California. Tandem systems can be implemented in stand-alone, multiple processor configurations, or as multiple interconnected nodes. Each node corresponds to one or more multiple processor systems.

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Where major program systems, which might include dozens of program units, to support multiple remote transaction terminals or inventory control functions are installed and running on a production basis in a multiple processor environment, the abovenoted problem of updating and maintaining program units becomes very difficult and expensive to solve. For example, a new operating system might be adopted by the hardware vendor. In such an instance, the system operator might have to install the new operating system to receive continuing support and operating system maintenance.

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If the change in operating systems is not transparent to the existing program systems, they may need to be modified or recompiled. This process is not only expensive and time consuming, but in a multiprogram, multi-processor environment can result in errors which could cause catastrophic results.

In addition, where the software had been obtained from a third party vendor, the user might not have the source code or documentation necessary to make modifications, expansions, or recompilations. Worse yet, the third party vendor will, in all likelihood, not continue to support or provide new releases to the user.

Thus, there continues to be a need to be able to safely upgrade or modify existing programs in a cost effective fashion as the requirements or the environment change. Preferably, this need could be met by system operating personnel without a need to return to the original software vendor or to modify the original provided program units.

In addition, in a multiple processor system, the operating environment is continuously changing. As a result, the mix of resources, available processors, and the like, available each time a program unit or a

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process is initiated, will be different, depending on what other program units or processes are active at any given time.

Thus, there is continuous problem of resource allocation and management which must be addressed in such systems. One known approach, marketed by the assignee of the present application under the name of "Automatic Network Balancing System" for Tandem computers, provides resource allocation services and resource management in such environments based on predetermined and fixed allocation methods.

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In the known automatic network balancing system, the performance factors which are taken into account to select the best or most appropriate processor to which a process is to be allocated, include availability or busy state of a given processor, available memory, swap rate, dispatch rate, memory queue length, jobs that are available on the ready list, as well a number of others. The various performance factors are evaluated using a weighing system. The processor which appears to be most appropriate is then selected to run the process.

The known load balancing system has been very successful and can be used to substantially increase performance of Tandem-like systems. Nevertheless, the method of selecting the most appropriate processor to be allocated to carry out a given task does not take into account site or user needs for diversity or customization between one installation and another.

Thus, there continues to be a need for a more flexible approach which can take into account variations from site to site. Preferably, such an approach could be implemented to allow site specific input to the processor selection process or to expand upon the services provided to a given process which is being

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executed. Preferably, the implementation will be transparent to the respective process.

Summary of the Invention

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This invention is directed to an apparatus and a method of run-time interception of pre-existing computer instructions in program units in order to support user hooks or entry points which can be used to modify and/or enhance the originating and/or receiving program units, at the user's discretion. As a result, the program units can meet the user's present needs and allow modification by the users, on an as needed basis, to support the future needs. Using the present invention, this can be accomplished without requiring the support and/or guidance and/or expertise of the original authors and/or inventors of the program units being intercepted or any additional physical, electronics, or mechanical device.

The above result is achieved by intercepting system service calls which are made by executing program units at run time when the program units request that the operating system of the computer system provide a service on their behalf. The interception can take place in the main program units, user library program units, system library program units, or a combination of the program units listed above.

The method also contemplates that the interception of the system service calls and user hooks or entry points would be placed in several types of program units. This gives the users many options as to where the interceptions of the system service calls will take place. Further, it allows the user to implement the invention on a program unit by program unit basis, if desired, or to implement the invention on a system by system basis.

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In accordance with one aspect of the invention, an apparatus and a method are provided for altering or translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function. Site or user defined steps or functions can be incorporated into the process for customization or specialization.

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The method can be used, for example, for allocating resources within a multiple processor computer system. In other aspects of the invention, different types of functions can be implemented beyond those specified in the pre-existing method.

The method includes detecting a step which is a candidate for alteration. The alteration process could include carrying out a different function from that which the step initially requested, or for translating or expanding upon the step.

A determination is made if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-alteration set of steps is to be executed before carrying out one or more predetermined altering or translating steps. In response to this determining step, the group of site or user supplied pre-alteration or pre-translation steps is executed as indicated.

The method then includes executing the one or more predefined altering or translating steps. Such steps could include, in accordance with one aspect of the invention, determining which of a plurality of available resources is to be used to carry out the requested step which is the candidate for alteration.

Alternately, the predefined altering steps could provide enhanced functions not called for in the original candidate steps. Such enhanced functions may have become desirable, so long as they can be provided

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so as to be transparent to the original candidate step or steps.

The method then makes a determination as to whether or not there are one or more post-alteration, site or user supplied steps. These steps can then be executed as indicated after executing the set of altering steps.

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In accordance with yet another aspect of the invention, the method can be used for the purpose of allocating resources within a multiple node, multiple processor system. Each of the nodes can include one or more computer processors. The nodes can be physically displaced from one another, and can be coupled together via communication lines.

This aspect includes the steps of:

carrying out a sequence of steps in a
predetermined process;

detecting a step in the sequence which is to be carried out and which is a candidate for translation; intercepting the detected step and determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps exists;

interrupting the sequence and executing the user supplied pre-translation set of steps as indicated;

translating the candidate step into a predetermined sequence of one or more predetermined translated steps;

subsequent to the translation step, determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps exists;

executing the user supplied, post-translation set of steps as indicated; and

returning to the sequence of steps immediately after the detected step, thereby continuing the process.

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In yet another aspect of the invention, the method can be used for the purpose of resource allocation for the purpose of not only optimizing processing throughput, but also for the purpose of creating redundant databases automatically in spaced apart locations for purposes of other functions, such as disaster recovery, for instance.

These and other aspects and attributes of the present invention will be discussed subsequently with reference to the following drawings and accompanying specification.

Brief Description Of The Drawing

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Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a multiple node, multiple processor network;

Figure 2 is a schematic diagram of an environment in which a program unit might be executed;

Figure 3 is a flow diagram of a method in accordance with the present invention; and

Figure 4 is a flow diagram of an alternate method in accordance with the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

While this invention is susceptible of embodiment in many different forms, there is shown in the drawing, and will be described herein in detail, specific embodiments thereof with the understanding that the present disclosure is to be considered as an exemplification of the principles of the invention and is not intended to limit the invention to the specific embodiments illustrated.

The present method makes it possible for a program user or a system operator to update and modify pre-existing programs without requiring the recompiling of the source codes of the respective program unit(s).

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This is accomplished by intercepting selected calls or references to procedures, program units, or variables that can be external or internal to a pre-existing executing program unit. One type of interceptable instruction is an operating system service call.

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On interception, the operating system will look for the called procedure in a library linked to the executing program unit, if such exists. In the absence of a program related library, or in the absence of a match with the called procedure in the executing program unit, the operating system will then attempt to find the called procedure or program unit in its system library.

Where a match is found in either the program library or the system library, that procedure or program unit is then executed. If there is no match, an indication of a run-time error should be returned to the calling program unit.

The present method makes available "user hooks" in the respective library procedures or program units. The phrase "user hooks" as used herein refers to intentionally created entry points or steps wherein a user or system operator can insert one or more computer instructions (blocks of code) for the purpose of transparently updating or modifying the executing program unit. Hence, the user has greater control over its computer system(s) and is able to make modifications or enhancements outside of the executing program unit. This avoids any need to modify or recompile that program unit.

Another advantage of the present method is that it can be used where the program library is incorporated into the program unit itself. The user hooks provide a way for a user or operator to create a bridge between various versions or releases of software packages, as well as program units.

Figure 1 illustrates schematically a multiple processor computer network 10. The network 10 includes a plurality of nodes 12 through 18.

Each of the nodes 12 through 18 can include one or more computer systems. Representative examples include Tandem-type multiple processor computer systems which might include up to 16 processor modules.

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It will be understood that a node, such as node 12, could be implemented as a stand-alone, single processor computer system. Neither the number of processors, nor the architecture thereof, nor the presence or absence of communication links are a limitation of the present invention. The present invention can be advantageously practiced in conjunction with a single, stand-alone system.

Each of the nodes 12 through 18 can communicate with at least one other node via communication channels, such as the channels 20a through 20e. The network 10 can be geographically disbursed with the nodes 12 through 18 coupled, at least in part, via long distance communication links or other communications methods.

Figure 2 illustrates schematically a program unit 30 which is to be executed on a processor 32. As is conventional, the program unit 30 communicates with the processor 32 via an operating system 34. The operating system 34 provides a variety of services to the executing program unit.

The program unit 30 and operating system 34 would normally be stored in one or more storage devices or units of the processor 32. The details of such storage and the process wherein the operating system 34 initiates executing of the program unit 30 on the processor 32 are known and are not a limitation of the present invention.

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As has long been recognized, one aspect of an operating system is to enhance the efficiency of utilization of the processor 32 as well as to improve the speed and ease of creation of programs such as the program unit 30. In this regard, the operating system 34 provides a variety of predefined commands, so-called "System Service Calls" (SSC), which carry out certain predefined functions when requested by a calling program unit.

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Representative system service calls include a command to carry out a "read" function. A "read" request, based on supplied parameters, could request a read from a disk drive or other types of magnetic storage, or could request a read from a terminal or other devices.

Alternately, the operating system might support a system service call, such as a "write" to a storage unit or a device. A "write" request could send data or programs to communication lines, printers, or the like. A more extensive list of system service calls of a type supported by Tandem's GUARDIAN Operating System is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

In accordance with the present invention, there is interposed between the program unit 30 and the operating system 34 a functional layer 36 which includes the "user hooks" or entry points. At these points, an operator, a user, or a site can expand upon or modify external references or calls intercepted by the operating system.

Once an instruction has been intercepted, a first user hook is then checked or executed. This entry point can include an initial block of user or operator supplied code. This initial or "prior" block is to be executed before any modification and/or enhancement of

the function which is the subject of the intercepted instruction is carried out.

The intercepted call or service request may then be executed as required. This execution, as described below, can be modified and/or enhanced, or expanded upon in a predetermined fashion.

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Then, a second user hook or entry point may be checked or executed to determine whether or not there is any post-translation, user, or site specific code which is to be executed. If so, that code is executed. Finally, appropriate parameters and/or data may be returned to the program unit 30 which had previously made the service request or call.

In accordance with the present invention, the interception process is carried out in one embodiment using a hierarchy that is very often imposed by the operating system between program library calls and system library calls. As a first step in carrying out the call or the functional request, if a program library 30a is associated with the program unit 30, the operating system 34 checks the program library 30a first to determine if the intercepted external reference or call is present in the program library.

By providing counterparts in the library 30a to some or all of the system service calls or functions of the operating system 34 before the operating system intercepts requests for such services from the program unit, the corresponding procedure in the program (not the system) library will be executed. This provides a vehicle to modify or expand such requests in a predetermined fashion.

Hence, by associating with the program library structure 30a, a plurality of modified operating system calls, when the program 30 executes a particular service call, service can be provided in accordance with that

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request. In addition, on a substantially transparent basis to the executing program unit, the service can be enhanced and/or modified, or completely changed in a predetermined fashion. If and when the appropriate parameters and/or data are then returned to the program unit 30, that program can then continue executing subsequent instructions.

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It will be understood that the library 30a is not required to practice the present method. An equivalent structure can be implemented in the operating system 34 as discussed subsequently or in the program unit 30 itself.

Example 1 illustrates the process.

Subsequently referred to line numbers are listed along the left-hand margin of Example 1.

In Example 1, a read operation present in the program unit 30 could be intercepted and/or modified or translated on a substantially transparent basis in the interface layer 36. Line 40 of Example 1, defines the procedure to be executed as a "read" function with n parameters associated therewith.

The read process begins in a line 42. Line 44 represents a first user hook or entry point. A call is made to a procedure which includes one or more previously specified site specific or operator specific instructions which are not normally part of the "read" procedure. Subsequent to the execution of the procedure of line 44, the actual "read" procedure can be carried out as indicated schematically in line 46.

It should be noted that the actual read procedure which could be carried out could be a read procedure which is expanded and/or substantially different from the originally contemplated and specified read procedure in the calling program unit 30. Thus, a

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bridging function can be provided, if necessary, between different program versions and/or releases.

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	40	PROC READ $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
•	42	BEGIN
	44	CALL PRIOR $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
	46	JUMP TO READ FUNCTION VIA 0/S LOGICAL ADDRESS
5	48	CALL POST $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
	50	END
		PROC PRIOR $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
10		BEGIN USER INSTRUCTIONS CAN BE INSERTED AT THIS POINT IF DESIRED
10		END
		PROC POST (1, 2 n)
		BEGIN USER INSTRUCTIONS CAN BE INSERTED AT THIS POINT IF
15		DESIRED END

20 EXAMPLE 1

- 16 -

Line 48 is a second user hook or entry point. A procedure is called which includes one or more site specific or operator specific instructions which may be carried out after the read function is carried out. The end of the procedure is indicated in line 50.

It will be understood that the location, number, or function of the user hooks are not a limitation of the present invention. In addition, the present invention contemplates the use of multi-levels of entry points, such as in the program unit, the program library, or the system library.

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Upon a return from the read procedure of Example 1 to the program unit 30, that program will continue execution which can be based on returned parameters or data, if any, which resulted from the read procedure initiated therein. Hence, information actually supplied to the program unit 30 could come from a completely different location and/or source than that originally contemplated by the program unit 30 and this change could be completely transparent thereto.

Figure 3 illustrates a flow diagram of an embodiment of the method of the present invention. The process of Figure 3 will be explained below in combination with the text of Example 1. In the embodiment of Figure 3, the program library 30a has been previously linked to the program unit 30 and is available at run time. Using the above-noted hierarchal approach, the operating system 34 checks the library 30a first when the program unit 30 calls an external function or service, or tries to initiate execution of an external procedure.

The library 30a has been previously loaded with procedures corresponding to at least some of the external references for the program 30. The names of some of the previously loaded library procedures must be

the same as the names of system service calls that are to be expanded upon and/or modified. (Usually, this is regarded as an error to be carefully avoided!)

In addition, it is necessary to be able to acquire, usually via the operating system, the logical address(es) of the respective system service call(s) in the operating system's library to be intercepted. The respective library procedure requires this information to be able to call that service function without using the name thereof.

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For instance, in Example 1, a "read" system service call is to be intercepted and/or modified. The program library, as a result, includes a PROC READ. In line 46, to call the actual read in the operating system library, a: JUMP TO LOGICAL ADDRESS OF SSC READ must be executed to prevent PROC READ from calling itself.

Referring to Figure 3, the execution of the program unit 30 has been previously initiated. Step 62 represents execution of the program unit 30 until an external request of some sort is made or until the program unit 30 is completed, at which point it terminates in a step 64.

In the event that the program unit 30 makes an external request, such as a request for a "read" or "write" for example, the operating system 34, in step 68, first checks the program library 30a, if any, to determine whether or not this function or procedure is found therein. If the called function, procedure, or external reference is located by the operating system 34 in the library 30a, for example, the "read" procedure of Example 1, that procedure is initiated.

In a step 72, the first user hook or entry point is encountered. This corresponds to the call at line 44 of Example 1. If there exists operator or site specific procedures and/or code, such steps should be

executed. This corresponds to carrying out the procedure of line 44 of Example 1.

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In a step 76, the system service call or other function, called by program unit 30, is carried out, corresponding to carrying out the "read" function of line 46 of Example 1. The executed procedure from the operating system that is executed may be <u>different</u> from that contemplated by the creator of the program unit 30.

In a step 78, the second or "post" user hook or entry point is encountered. This corresponds to carrying out the procedure of line 48 of Example 1. Then, there is a return to execution of the program unit 30 in a step 80. While executing user hook instructions, alternate return paths, such as step 80a or step 80b could be provided by the user.

In this example, if the called procedure or service request is not found in the library 30a, and if it is in the system library, then, in a step 70, the requested service or procedure is carried out, perhaps in combination with other services of the operating system 34. Any necessary parameters and/or data are returned to the program unit 30 which continues executing in step 62a.

As can be observed from the process of Figure 3, as a result of the site specific user supplied pretranslation and/or pre-modification steps, the first user hook, such as the process 44, along with the post-translation or post-modification steps, such as the process 48, it is relatively easy for an operator and/or a user to provide extensions, translations, and/or modifications to the original function being requested by the program unit 30. These are all outside of the program unit 30 and are substantially transparent to it.

Figure 4 illustrates an alternate embodiment of the present invention. In the embodiment of Figure

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4, the program unit 30 need not have a library 30a associated therewith.

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However, the names of the procedures or system service calls in the operating system library have been previously altered to distinguish them from the called procedure or "system service call" to be intercepted. With this change, the actual operating system call, under the new name, can subsequently be made. One of these procedures could correspond to the "open" procedure. Renaming pertinent system service routines in the system library, such as "open to "sopen", as illustrated in Figure 4, step 34b, can be done when the operating system is compiled and linked together. In addition, corresponding procedures, as illustrated in Figure 4, step 72a, must be loaded into the system library with the original names of the system service calls to be intercepted.

If the respective system library procedures of the operating system had been previously modified and expanded upon as described above, it would be possible to carry out a corresponding user specified "prior" procedure as identified on line 44 of Example 1 in step 72a, analogous to the step 72 previously discussed. After executing corresponding and/or similar system service calls in step 76a, the user defined instructions represented by the "post" procedure of Example 1 can be executed in a plurality of steps 78a. Subsequently, the operating system 34 returns appropriate parameters and/or data, if any, to the program unit 30, which then continues executing in a step 62a.

Using the previously described method, either the embodiment of Figure 3 or that of Figure 4, makes it possible for a user and/or operator to upgrade, maintain, and/or modify program units, such as the unit 30, to deal with both a changing environment and also

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changing functional requirements, now and in the future. It is also possible to modify and/or upgrade system service calls so as to provide substantially different and/or enhanced functions not previously available to the corresponding program units, such as the program unit 30, as well as operating system 34.

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The above-described instruction interceptions are carried out at run-time, and are substantially transparent to the executing program unit. Source code for the program unit is not required to practice the present method.

By making the "user hooks" or entry points available, as described above, both before and after executing the corresponding system service calls, for example, users and/or operators will be able to more effectively manage, maintain, and upgrade their program units in a very cost effective fashion. Further, because the present method is substantially external to the respective program unit, there should be no impact to third party vendor or maintenance relationships.

Additional representative examples of ways in which the methods of Figures 3 and/or 4 could be used include improved resource allocation in a multi-processor environment by including provision for user specific and/or operator specific modification to resource allocation routines. Redundant write operations can be provided when carrying out the write function to provide multiple, substantially transparent, sets of data which can be used for verification, disaster recovery functions or the like.

Thus, in accordance with the present invention a user interface is provided to, on a substantially transparent basis, modify requests made by an executing program unit for a variety of purposes. This modification process takes place substantially outside of the program unit. It can be substantially outside of the associated

operating system but can be readily modified by the operator and/or the user for purposes of customization.

The present invention has been discussed in terms of translating and/or modifying instructions at run time in a program unit, such as the exemplary program unit 30. It will be understood that the present methods can be used with any type of program unit, such as an application, a utility, or the like. Hence, the present method could also be used to translate and/or modify instructions in programs that may be routinely thought of as part of the operating system.

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It will also be understood that the embodiments of Figures 3 and/or 4 could be combined. In addition, it is also within the spirit and scope of the present invention to alternately merge some of the procedures of the program library with the associated main program unit.

Example 2 is a further illustration of the method hereof in source code form.

From the foregoing, it will be observed that numerous variations and modifications may be effected without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. It is to be understood that no limitation with respect to the specific apparatus illustrated herein is intended or should be inferred. It is, of course, intended to cover by the appended claims all such modifications as fall within the scope of the claims.

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EXHIBIT A

PARTIAL LIST OF TANDEM'S GUARDIAN OPERATING SYSTEM CALLS (WITHOUT PARAMETERS)

ALTER

5

ALTER PRIORITY

10 APS DATA GETPARAM

CONTROL

CREATE

DEFINEADO

DEFINEINFO

15 MEASURINFO

NEWPROCESS

OPEN FILE

PRINTINFO

PRINTREAD

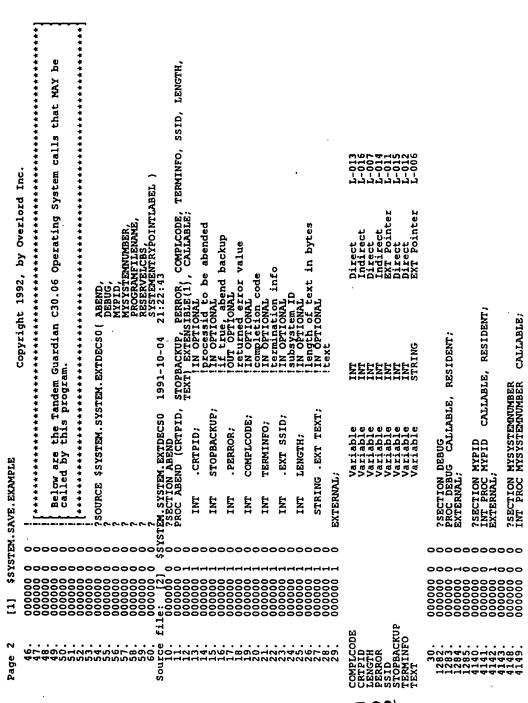
20 READ

WRITE

?INSPECT, SYMBOLS, SAVEABEND **********************************	Convright 1992 By Overlord Inc. 211 rights reserved	Author : Don Kennedy	: Purpose : To demonstrate a method of intercepting pre-exsisting computer		computer instructions and supply user hoke's without the	reduirement and or need of one or more of the rottowing :		[B. Viewing the original program unit(s) object code.	C. Re-compiling the original program unit(s) source code.	1 D. FILOT KNOWLEGGE OF THE COMPUTER INSTRUCTIONS.		Knowing the users purpose or reasons for the		I. All and or any of the user hooks be executed.			Any addresonas puysicas, esectionic of medianicas	procedure chosen to intercept is only used as an examp	can and could be changed to or combined with any EXTERNAL procedure	CALL Irom a program unit.	il The computer language chosen to demonstrate this example is only	used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with	[another computer language.]		computer system chosen	l used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with	compared system of a number of compinations of		The intercept method used to demonstrate this example is only	used as one example of the method and can and could be changed in	order to comply with other computer systems operating systems.	***************************************	
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KAMPLE 2



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												2	CALLABLE;					
T a	;			L-003			L-004 L-003		L-003		- .;		EXTENSIBLE,			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	L-007	
1992 hw Orestord	name of the last			Indirect) CALLABLE;	FOR	Direct Direct	LEN) CALLABLE;	Direct Indirect		GETPEEKCONFIGURATION, GETPEEKSTATISTICS	53	Yant Yang			EXT Pointer Direct Direct Indirect	Indirect	
Conseriabt 10		CALLABLE; E NAME			SENDCNT)	RESERVE		(NAME,		12:13:07	_	6 09:17:5.					· (0)	٠
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DECSO		?SECTION PROGRAMFILENAME PROC PROGRAMFILENAME (NA INT .NAME;		Variable	?SECTION RESERVELCBS PROC RESERVELCBS (RECEIVECNT, !!!) INT RECEIVECNT; !!!	SENDCNT;	Variable Variable	SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL INAME; ILEN;	Variable Variable		\$SYSTEM.ZGUARD.PCPUCTL	EM.ZGUARD.PCPUCTL 1991-08-0 ?SECTION GETPEEKSTATISTICS	CPU,	T BOE,	SYSTEM;	Variable Variable Variable Variable Variable	ariable	SECTION GETPEEKCONFIGURATION
\$SYSTEM.SYSTEM.EXTDECSO	EXTERNAL;	PROC PROCING	EXTERNAL;	-	PROC RESEINT	INT S EXTERNAL;	22	?SECTION INT PROC STRING INT I	22	TEM.SAVE.E	SOURCE \$	TEM. ZGUARD	INT	. KA.	O INT SYSTE	>>>>	>	PSECTION
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Page 3	4150.	4444 66332 63321	4635.	NAME	4444 6444 6443 6443 6440	4444 8886 44421 4431	RECEIVECNT SENDCNT	500000 500000 500000 500000 500000	LEN	5976. Source	255	Source 187.	0000	1921	1995.	BUF CPU LEN PIN SYSTEM	TIME	227.

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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	GETPEEKCONFIGURATION (CPU, BUF, LEN, TIME, PIN, SYSTEM) CPU, LBUF, LEN; TIME; TIME; SYSTEM;	EXT Pointer L-012 Direct L-013 Direct L-010 Indirect L-006 Direct L-005 Indirect L-005	
2, b	UE,	Ling Dirt	
.ght 199	CPU, B		:13:07
pyri	NOI	(o) Q	12
S	CONFIGURAT	INT INT INT INT INT FIXED	Source file: [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 1992-12-04 12:13:07 64. 000000 0 0 !
T.	GETPEEKCON CPU, XT BUF, LEN; TIME; SYSTEM;	Variable Variable Variable Variable Variable	CAMPLE
KO. PCP	PROC .EX.		SAVE.E
۲09% ۲	INT INT INT EXT		IEM.
	00000000		\$SYS
X	0		
[3] \$SISTEM.ZGUAKU.PCFUCTD			File: [1]
Page 4	22222222222222222222222222222222222222	BUF CPU LEN PIN SYSTEM TIME	Source 64.

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					. E	: 						
ů	************	tions for the	oks are only used as be named other names	and post user hooks aramaters and or name ed to.	before^TOSVERSION^CAL dure passing the Tand	"after TOSVERSION CAL dure passing the he Tandem Guardian	**************************************		L-003	: 0	L-003	
Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	EXTERNAL user hook definitions for intercept procedures.	The names chosen for the pre and post user hooks are only used as an example and these procedures can and could be named other names	The parameters chosen to be passed to the pre and post user hooks are used only for example and the number of paramaters and or names can and could be changed, deleted, and or added to	In this example the pre user hook procedure "before TOSVERSION CALL" is called from the intercept TOSVERSION procedure passing the Tandem Guardian procedure TOSVERSION address.	In this example the post user hook procedure "after TOSVERSION CALL" is called from the intercept TOSVERSION procedure passing the Tandem Guardian version level received from the Tandem Guardian procedure TOSVERSION.	**************************************	dress;	Direct L-	PROC after^TOSVERSION^CALL(Guardian^version^level); INT Guardian^version^level; EXTERNAL;	Direct L-	
Copyright	*****	Below are the pre and post EXTERNAL user hook do Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION intercept procedures	es chosen for the ple and these pro-	d only for examplicould be changed	In this example the pre user hook pro- is called from the intercept TOSVERSIG Guardian procedure TOSVERSION address	In this example the post is called from the inter Tandem Guardian version procedure TOSVERSION.	TOSVERSION CALL (INT TOSVERSION^procedure^address; :TERNAL;	INI	OC after^TOSVERSION^CALL(G INT Guardian^version^level; :TERNAL;	INI	
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	****	Below are the Tandem Guardia	NOTE : The name an exame	The par are use can and	In this is call Guardia	In this is call Tandem procedu	PROC before	INT TOSVER EXTERNAL;	S Variable	PROC after^T INT Guardi EXTERNAL;	Variable	
M.SA									DDRES			-
[1] \$SYSTE	000000000000000000000000000000000000000							0000000 1 0	TOSVERSION PROCEDURE ADDRESS	0000000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	GUARDIAN^VERSION^LEVEL	
Page 5	66.		72. 73.		8877 800.13	**************************************		91. 92.	TOSVERSION	993 954.	GUARDIAN^V?	60

[]

Page

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TOSVERSION: This is normally a Tandem Guardian operating system CALL that program unit(s) would CALL to see what operating system the program unit(s) are running on. Then the program unit(s) can determine if the version is a proper version of the operating system, and proper action can be taken if needed. When program unit(s) use this program unit as a library, this program unit will intercept the TOSVERSION CALL to the Tandem Guardian operating system and user hooks CAN be utilized to modify and or enhance the original program unit(s). Since many program units may CALL this particular procedure as part of their initialization process, it is a good candidate to intercept, so that the original program unit(s) can be enhanced and or modified. In This example, TOSVERSION will be intercepted in order to allow user hooks to be placed prior to the real TOSVERSION Tandem Guardian CALL as well as after in order to modify or enhance the pre-exsisting program unit(s). be used program unit does not have a MAIN procedure it can r System library program unit. Since this p User and or

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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.			:= ["Copyright By Overlord Inc., 1992"], := ["Donald J. Kennedy "], := ["Goods of on orabics of all one"].	(G',	, i o	<pre>pre^user^hook^present := @before^TOSVERSION^CALL, post^user^hook^present := @after^TOSVERSION^CALL;</pre>	,0 0;	
q ';					ı n n	0 0	0 a	
Copyright 199	ERSION;		.Copyright[0:15] .Author[0:8]	(tro) moreta provides	ា ស ជេ	pre^user^hook^present post^user^hook^present	version^level TOSVERSION^address	
[1] \$SISIEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	INT PROC TOSVERSION;	BEGIN	INI	INI		INI	INI	
#\ E	Ę.		_
ri E	000	50 -		1 1 	•			_
ISI	00,		- 		4			_
? [T]	000000	000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000	0000	000020	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000
'agge'	128.	131.	133.	136. 137.	139.	141. 142. 143.	146.	147.

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\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.		[NOTE: Using this program unit as a library program unit :	System Library;	If this program unit is going to be used as a System Library I program unit then the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure name Should be changed to another name using the BIND utility on the I pre-exsisting System Library.	The "TOSVERSION name" variable should be changed to the new name, also the "TOSVERSION name length" variable should be changed to the length in BYTES of the new name.	If This program unit should then be compiled and BOUND with the proper pre-exalating System Library program unit prior to the OSIMAGE being built.	WARNING : Do not CALL ABEND, DEBUG or STOP in any user hooks if this program unit will be used as a System Library program unit.	With pre-exsisting User Library;	This program unit should be compiled and BOUND with the pre-exsisting User Library program unit and a new User library program unit should be created and linked to the proper program unit(s).	User Library;	This program unit should be compiled and then linked with the proper program unit(s).	**************************************
TEM.S			4-4-	4	ıddədə			4 - 4 -			1 	
\$SXS	00				0000			14-		- -	444	
[1]	000020	000050	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000020	050000000000000000000000000000000000000	000020	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000
Page 8	149.	152.	154.	1155 155 1587.	162.	166. 166.	170.	173.	1775. 1776. 178.	1180	1882.	185. 186.

Page 9 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	***************************************	NOTE: Using this program unit as part of a MAIN program unit:	<pre>if This program unit can be combined with a pre-exsisting MAIN program if unit by doing the following:</pre>	A. BIND this program unit into a pre-exsisting MAIN program unit.	***************************************	-
TEM						4
\$ S X S	44.		444	H H F		7
Ξ	0000050	00000	000000	000020	000000	00000
Page 9	188 189.		193.		198.	.66

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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.		INT .TOSVERSION^name[0:4] := ["TOSVERSION"],	TOSVERSION name length := 10;		STRING .s^TOSVERSION^name := GTOSVERSION^name '<<' 1;		TOSVERSION address := SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL(s TOSVERSION name,	TOSVERSION^name^length);	
}	-	-	-	-	~	-	~	~	-
	0	-	2	5	2	2	2	7 1	4
	000050 1 1	0000	00002	00002	00002	00002	00002	00012	00013
i D	201.								

KAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.				eck to see if the pre-user hook procedure is present and if so then CALL]	the before TOSVERSION CALL prior to executing the Tandem Guardian	SVERSION CALL and pass the address of the TOSVERSION procedure.		***************************************		IF pre-user-hook-present > 0 THEN	CALL before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVERSION address);	
Fage 11 [1] SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE		*******		! Check to see	! [the before^TC	! [TOSVERSION CA	-	**********		IF pre^u	CALL	
S. M.		⊶.	_	_	-	_	_	-	, , ,	_		_
XSI.	_	٦,	_	_	_	- -4	_	_	_	_	_	_
; []	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000137	000142
Page 11	211.	212.	213.	214.	215.	216.	217.	218.	219.	220.	221.	222.

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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	[<pre>![</pre>	<pre>![execute a RETURN statement with it's own values which would return] ![control to the originating program unit(s) and not execute the</pre>	remaining intructions in this procedure.	This could be of value to the user if some program unit(s) must	if not really on and do not require the real operating system Version	to be checked.	[
						· ~			, -1
	HH-	7 7 7	22 7	22	22	2	4 7 7	2	7
1	000142	00014	00014	00014	00014	00014	00014	00014	00014
1	224.	226. 227.	228. 229.	230.	232	234.	235. 236.	237.	238.

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Tandem Guardian		
Page 13 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc. 240. 000142 1	STORE version level;	
e cocceeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee	,	-
% 000000000000000000000000000000000000	4.	7
(11) \$S	14	7.
- 0000000000000000000000000000000000000	000	3
Page 13 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	252.	253.

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	;		.,-				Ŧ				
age 14 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	·		! Check to see if the post user hook is present and if so then CALL the	! after Tosversion Call prior to returing the value of the Tandem Guardian	! Operating system level to the originating program unit(s).		***************************************		IF post^user^hook^present > 0 THEN	CALL after TOSVERSION CALL (version level);	
STE			_	-	-	_	→	_	_	_	_
\$ S\$	Ω.	י ירו	5	5	5	5	5	5.1	2	0	
E	00014	00014	00014	00014	00014	00014	000145	00014	00014	000120	000153
Page 14	255.	257.	258.	259.	260.	261.	262.	263.	264.	265.	266.

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caye to [1] tolorismin control Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	1 1 1	1 1 1 (1 1 ! [execute a RETURN statement with it's own values which would return]	<pre>1 1 !</pre>	1 1 ! [remaining intructions in this procedure.		il il This could be of value to the user if some program unit(s) must	1 1		_; 	1 1	1 1 1 1 (******************************	
	_	_	, .	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
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3	00015	00015	000153	000153	00015	00015	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153	000153
)))	268.	269.	270.	271.	272.	273.	274.	275.	276.	277.	278.	279.	280.	281.	282.

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				034462 027117 070445 170411 003712 040410
				030471 030060 070434 024744 000025
				026040 033056 070414 100012 170403 001000
				061456 027060 047516 070464 026047 040405
	will o the			044556 031460 051511 000002 100011 044410
	which will CALL to the			062040 030103 042522 000454 003706 027000
ບໍ	the value from the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure which will control back to the original program unit that made the CALL to the Guardian TOSVERSION procedure.		LH-002 LH-0004 LH-0004 LH-0003 LH-0003 LH-013 LH-013 LH-013 LH-012 LH-012	067562 043471 051526 020376 000025 024711
lord In	VERSION nit tha		ப்ப்ப ்ப்ப்ப்ப்ப்ப்ப்ப்ப்ப	071154 0 074440 0 052117 0 000000 0 170402 0 040412
Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	Ardian TOS Program w		Indirect Indirect Direct Direct Direct Indirect Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct	000010 000030 000050 000070 000110 000130
jht 1992	candem Gua original procedure			073145 062544 030060 010401 026047 170413
Copyric	the Tax the ol the ol ssion pi	evel;	INTERPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF T	020117 067156 030056 024700 100020 026047
	**************************************	version^level		041171 045545 040461 000454 100005 040406
M		S.	e de la composición del compos	072040 027040 033056 020376 000025
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	RETURN th return co Tandem Gu	RETUI END;	Variation Variat	063550 020112 027060 000000 170401 0000025
M. SAVE				071151 066144 031460 010401 002055 170411
\$SYSTE			RESENT ESENT ES SS LENGTH	740W040 11WW070
Ξ	0000153 0000153 0000153 000153 000153	00015 00015 00015 00015	AUTHOR COPYRIGHT G G C OVERLORD^VERSION POST^USER^HOOK^PRESENT PRE^USER^HOOK^PRESENT S S TOSVERSION^NAME TOSVERSION^NAME TOSVERSION^NAME TOSVERSION^NAME TOSVERSION^NAME TOSVERSION^NAME	041557 0701 042157 0671 046122 0421 100000 0247 100011 0264 024700 0270
Page 16	2884. 2884. 2887. 2990.	292. 293. 294.	AUTHOR COPYRIGHT E G G U L OVERLORD VERSION POSI VUSER HOOK PRESENT S TOSVERSION NAME TOSVERSION NAME TOSVERSION NAME TOSVERSION NAME TOSVERSION NAME TOSVERSION NAME	000000 000020 0000040 0000060 000120 000140

[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	000000 0 0 **************************		1 The u o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	0 0 PROC before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVERSION procedure address); 1 0 INT TOSVERSION procedure address; 1 0	000000 1 0 !	 FOSVERSION^PROCEDURE^ADDRESS Variable INT Direct L-003	; 0 0 000000
Page 17		3305. 3005. 3007. 311. 311.		20000000000000000000000000000000000000		TOSVERSION*	

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KAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.		after TOSVERSION CALL: This procedure (IF PRESENT) can intercept the pre-exsisting CALL to TOSVERSION after the CALL was placed. Several	es can be made of this user hook. The following list is just a sample one or more possible ways this user hook could be used:	A. Do not RETURN the value from TOSVERSION, instead RETURN another value. 1	. Log a message of the times pre-exsisting instructions CALL TOSVERSION. 1. Log a message of the times pre-exsisting instructions CALL TOSVERSION.	3. Count the times that TOSVERSION is CALLED.	 Calculate the time it took to call TOSVERSION. Gain access to pre-exsisting data values in the program unit(s). 	1. Change pre-exsisting data values in the program unit(s).	s user can change the scope of the original program unit by using this	hook without one or more of the requirements listed earlier. This allows	e user to have additional options and control on the modification and or judicements of the pre-exsisting computer instructions without the need	of the original authors and or inventors, guidance and or expertise.			<pre>PROC after TOSVERSION CALL (Guardian version level); INT Guardian version () evel</pre>	מתמוקומו ועלפון
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	************	after TOSVERSIC	uses can be made of one or more 	A. Do not REI	C. Log a mess	E. Count the	F. Calculate G. Gain acces	H. Change pre	i [The user can ch	hook without on	the user to hav	of the original	************		'ROC after TOSVERS	דוון פתמדתדמון אבד
EM.S	000			00	-00			0.0		0.0		00		-	۳ ٥٠	
YST	000	000	000	00	00	0	00	00	0	00	0	00		•	- -	٠,
[1] \$8	000000	0000	000	000000	000000	00000	00000	000000	00000	00000	00000	000000	000000	000000	00000	000000
Page 18	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	346 446		351. 352.	353	355.	357.	358.	360.	361.	363.	364.	366.	367.	368.	370.

Page 19 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.		NOTE : This procedure can be removed from this program unit if needed.	if If left empty, it will still be called, but no additional	[logic will be executed.	: User computer instructions can be placed in this area that	! should be executed after the the REAL TOSVERSION procedure CALL	! is made, if needed.			
TEM.	000	•		0	-0	0	0	0	0	0
SYS		4		- -		-	_	-	-	-
[1]	00000		00000	000000	00000	000000	000000	00000	000000	000000
Page 19	372.	375.	377.	378.	380.	381.	382.	383.	384.	385.

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										_			_		_			_	_			_
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	***************************************		ine following example is one of may uses that this user hook could be used for.	EXAMPLE : This hook will allow pre-exeisting program unit (s) maing this	program unit as a library and making a CALL to ToSVERSION from	the original program unit(s), to also this the reservations of procedure, before returning control back to the original program	unit(s).	Some of the pre-exsisting program units may CALL the Tandem	Guardian procedure RESERVEICBS later, in this case the later CALL	RESERVEICES be intercepted and similar user hook logic be placed	in the user hook "before RESERVEICBS CALL".	NOTE : The RESERVELCBS intercept procedure as well as the	before RESERVELCBS CALL and after RESERVELCBS CALL are	not included in this example but the intercept CONCEPT	program unit.		Office pre-existing program unit(s) may not curtently call the prespondence are this user hook will allow these original	pre-exsisting program unit(s) to be modified and enhanced to CALL	the RESERVELCES procedure if the proper system resources are	available and these pre-existing program unit(s) make a CALL	co the landem Guardian IOSVERSION PIOCEGUIE.	
M.SA																		· - ·				
/STE	00			o c				-			-		0				- -		o:			
\$3)	22	22	20	25	200	20	22	2	25	22	25	22	2	25	22	29	29	20	2	25	2.0	200
[1]	000000	00000	0000	00000	0000	00000	00000	000000	00000	0000	00000	00000	000000	00000	000000	000000		000000	000000	00000	00000	00000
age 20	387.	000	391.	392.	396	900	397.	399.	400	402.	403.	405.	406.	407.	409.	410.	411.	413.	414.	415.	416.	81.6

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items^on^ready_list;
delta^time^readyqueued;
page_fault^count;
ltems^queued^four^memory;
delta^time^memoryqueued;
dispatch^count;
delta^time^send^busy;
cache^hit^count;
pcb^free^count;
pcb^free^count;
memory_locked;
current^syspool;
current^nappool;
current^les;
current^les;
current^les;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            STRUCT cpu^current^values( * );
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               .Copyright[0:15]
.Author[0:8]
.overlord^version[0:14]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         cpu^config^values( * );
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    BEGIN FIXED FIXED FIXED INT (32) FIXED FIX
     $SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                    BEGIN
     Ξ
Page 21
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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	<pre>\$LEN(cpu^config^values) - 1) / 2], \$LEN(cpu^current^values) - 1) / 2], g^values) = cpu^config^buffer, nt^values) = cpu^current^buffer, ame,</pre>	<pre>:= \$XADR(cpu^config^buffer), := \$XADR(cpu^current^buffer);</pre>	00000	• •• •• ••
	.cpu^config^buffer [0:(.cpu^current^buffer[0:(.cpu^config (cpu^confi .cpu^current(cpu^curre .current'program^file^n	<pre>I.EXT x^cpu^config^buffer .EXT x^cpu^current^buffer</pre>	my^cpu my^system^number my^pin my^pid current^percent^lcbs^free	allocate receive lcbs allocate receive lcbs program loop counter cpu config length cpu current length .my program file name [0:11]
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	INI	INI	ENI	_
M. S)				
CSTE				
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Ξ	0000020	00000		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Page 22	44444446 000000000000000000000000000000	444 470 770 	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	44444 448847 44881

Page 24 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	000332 1 1 ! 000332 1 1 !	·	00332 1 1 [Get current system status to see what percent of LCB's are free	000332 1 1 1 (*******************************		00332 1 1 CALL GETPEEKCONFIGURATION (.my^cpu,	1 1	1 1	-1	1 1	000332 1 1 mv^svstem^number);	1 1 -	0346 1 1 CALL GETPEEKSTATISTICS (my^cpu,	000346 1 1 x^cpu^current^buffer,	1 1		0346 I 1 my^pin,	1 1	100362 1 1
S	32	325	32	32 32 37	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	
Ξ	0003	0003	0003	0003.	0003	0003	0003	0003.	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003	0003
Page 24	538 538	540.	541.	542.	544.	545.	546.	547.	548.	549.	550.	551.	552.	553.	554.	555.	556.	557.	558.

```
allocate^send^lcbs := current^program^file^name[4];
allocate^receive^lcbs := current^program^file^name[5];
CALL RESERVELCBS( allocate^send^lcbs, allocate^receive^lcbs );
END;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              current^program^file^name = my^program^file^name[8] FOR BEGIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      - 1 ) DO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF_lcb^saftey^threshold < current^percent^lcbs^free THEN
                                                                                                                                                                      @current^program^file^name := @program^file^name^table;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       L PROGRAMFILENAME ( my*program*file*name );
OR program^loop*counter := 0 TO ( max*programs
BEGIN
                      Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.
                                                                        , 102
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COPYRIGHT
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I PROCESSOR^TYPE
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I MEMORY SIZE
I MEMORY SIZE
I MAPPOOL^SIZE
I MAPPOOL^SIZE
I TOTAL^LCBS
I TOTAL^
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		061456 027117 020040 0000002 047524 047524 026711 170400 024711 170403 040414 064416 064416 064410 064400
		044556 030050 020040 0200002 0451115 0451115 040000 070000 070000 070010 07012 07012 07012 07012 07012 07012 07012
		062040 033056 020040 020040 0020011 00415116 00415116 0100001 0100011 026041 026207 010025
		067562 027060 027060 046040 042516 042511 042511 000113 000113 000111 000111 000111 000111 0100111
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Page 26	1 PCB^FREE^COUNT 1 MEMORY_LOCKED 1 CURRENT_ASYSPOOL 1 CURRENT_ACBS 1 CURRENT_ALES 1 CURRENT_ALES 1 CURRENT_ALES 2 CURRENT_ALES CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS^FREE CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS_FREE CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS_FREE CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS_FREE CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS_FREE CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS_FREE CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS_FREE CURRENT_PERCENT_ALCBS_FREE MAX_PEND MY_CPU MY_PID MY_FILE^NAME MY_FILE OVERSION TABLE PROGRAM^LOOP^CCUNTER TABLE^SIZE X^CPU^CURRENT_BUFFER	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE

Page 27

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ABEND AFTER TOSVERSION CALL BEFORE TOSVERSION CALL	GETPEEKCONFIGURATION GETPEEKSTATISTICS	MISTID MYSYSTEMNUMBER PROGRAMFILENAME	RESERVELCBS SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL TOSVERSION

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

APS		DATE TIME LANGUAGE SOURCE FILE	04DEC92 12:28 TAL \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 04DEC92 12:28 TAL \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 04DEC92 12:28 TAL \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE
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	FOR FILE: \CLXA.\$WORK.COE.cpatent2	NAME	AFTER^TOSVERSION^CALL BEFORE^TOSVERSION^CALL TOSVERSION
KAMPLE	LE: \CLX	ATTRS	
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	FOR FI	ENTRY	000401 000162 000062
\$ SYSTER	BY NAME	LIMIT	000642 000162 000161
Page 28 [1]	ENTRY POINT MAP BY NAME	BASE	000163 000162 000005
.ge 28	RY PC	PEP	0003
Pa	ENI	SP	000

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An apparatus for translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function, wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, comprising:

circuitry for detecting a step from the pre-existing method which is a candidate for a translation; and

circuitry for determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response to the determining steps, executing the set of pre-translation steps where indicated.

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- 2. An apparatus according to claim 1 further including means for determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps is to be executed after executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response thereto, executing the post steps where indicated.
- 3. A process of translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function, wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, in accordance with the apparatus of claim 1, comprising:

detecting a step from the pre-existing method which is a candidate for a translation; and

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response to the determining step, executing the set of pre-translation steps where indicated.

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4. The process of claim 3 further including the step of:

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps is to be executed after executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response thereto, executing the post steps where indicated.

5. A method of executing a predefined set of steps, including altering one or more of the steps in a predetermined fashion wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, in accordance with the apparatus of claim 1, comprising:

detecting a step which is a candidate for alteration;

executing the altering steps; and
determining if a previously defined, user
supplied, post-alteration set of steps is to be executed
after executing the set of post-alteration steps where
indicated.

6. The method of claim 5 further including, after the detecting step, the step of:

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-alteration set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined altering steps, and in response to the determining step, executing the set of pre-alteration steps where indicated.

7. A method of intercepting and modifying pre-existing instructions at run time in a computer program being executed in an apparatus as in claim 1, comprising:

intercepting a selected instruction and
determining if it is a candidate for modification;

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determining if an alterable, previously defined, pre-modification set of instructions is to be executed, and in response thereto, executing the pre-modification set of instructions, if any; and

modifying or executing the intercepted instruction.

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8. The method of claim 7 further including the step of:

determining if an alterable, previously defined, post-modification set of instructions is to be executed, and in response thereto, executing the post-modification set of instructions, if any.

9. A method of allocating resources within a multiple node, multiple processor system, wherein at least some of the nodes are spaced apart and are interconnected by communication links, wherein one or more of the processors includes an apparatus as in claim 1, the method comprising:

carrying out a sequence of steps in a predetermined process in a selected processor at one of the nodes:

detecting a step in the sequence which is to be carried out and which is a candidate for run-time modification;

intercepting the detected step and evaluating if a previously defined, operator supplied, pre-modification set of steps exists;

interrupting the sequence and executing the operator supplied pre-modification set of steps as indicated:

modifying the candidate step using a predetermined sequence of one or more predetermined modifier steps;

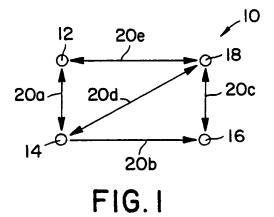
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- 54 -

subsequent to the modifying step, evaluating if a previously defined, operator supplied, post-modification set of steps exists;

executing the operator supplied, post-modification set of steps as indicated; and

returning to the sequence of steps immediately after the detected step, thereby continuing the process.



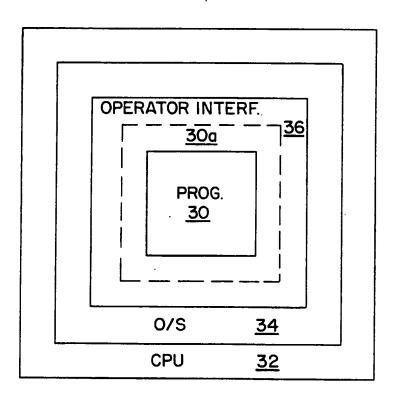
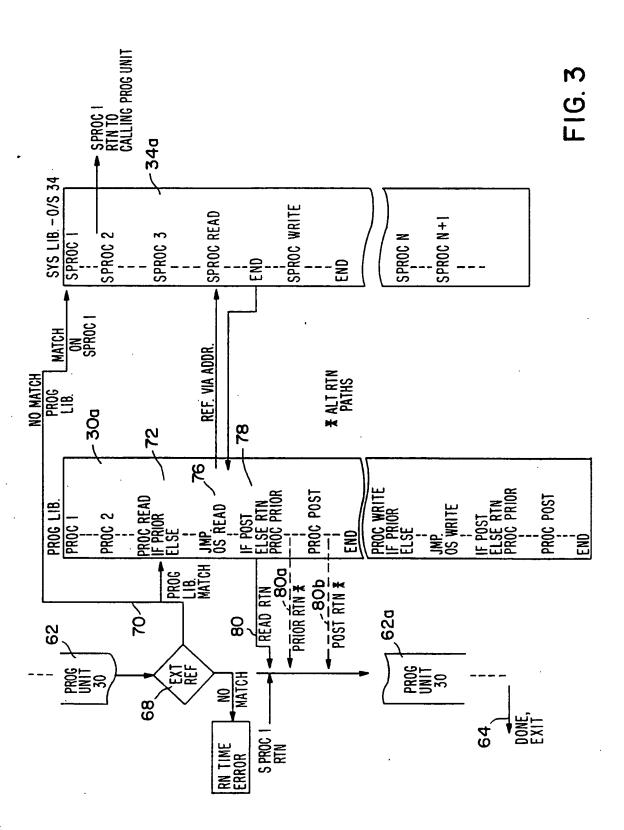
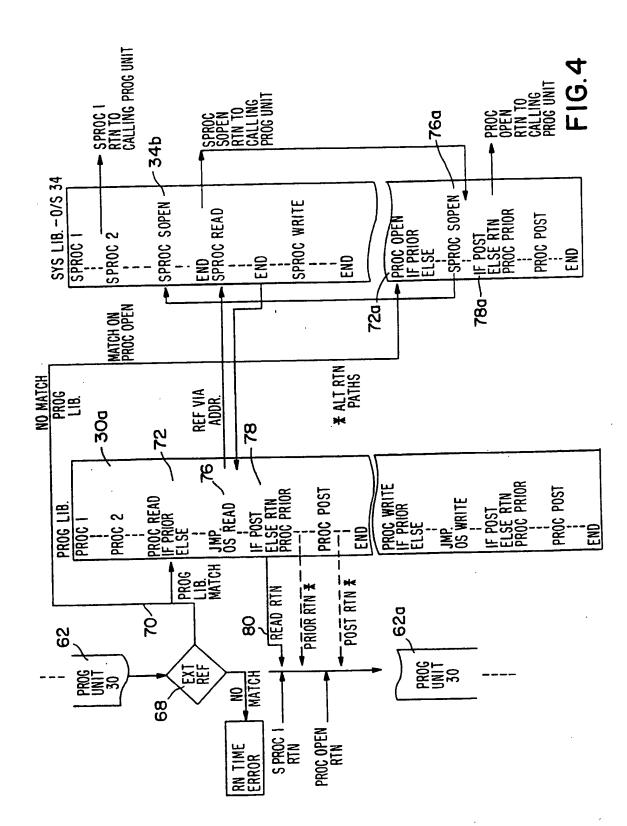


FIG. 2





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/11506

1	SSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER GO6F 9/00; 13/14			
US CL	395/375			
	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC		
	.DS SEARCHED ocumentation searched (classification system follower	t hy classification symbols)		
j	395/375, 700	by classification symbols,		
Documentat	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	e extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched	
	ata base consulted during the international search (na arch terms: service routine, request, call	ame of data base and, where practicable	search terms used)	
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	opropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
x	US, A, 5,109,515 (Laggis et al), 28 April 1992 See abstract. See column 2, lines 37-60, column 3, lines 4-29, column 5, lines 44-68, column 6, lines 14-36, column 7, lines 11-35, and figures 3 and 4.		1-9	
Y,P	US, A, 5,241,634 (Suzuki) 31 August 1993 See abstract, column 3, lines 37-68, column 4, lines 1-6 and 11-47.		1-9	
X Y	US, A, 4,768,150 (Chang et al) See abstract, column 2, lines 65- 53.	_	1-9	
<u> </u>	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C		matianal filina data an ainda	
* Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention				
	to be part of particular relevance *F* earlier document published on or after the international filing data. "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be			
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other				
special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "O" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art				
	current published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent		
Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report				
19 Januar	y 1994	MAR 03 1994		
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Authorized officer Officer				
	n, D.C. 20231 o. NOT APPLICABLE	Parsh Lall / Telephone No. (703) 305-9715		
		1 1 0 10 priorie 110. (100) 303-7/13		

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/11506

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No
Κ Υ	US, A, 5,124,909 (Blakely et al) 23 June 1992 See abstract, column 1, lines 25-68, and column 2, lines 1-13.	1-9
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